

1 **Principles and Processes**  
2 **For Beaver-Butler Presbytery**  
3 **When Churches Seek to Separate From Presbytery**

4 **I. Principles of Mission and Property in Times of Dispute**

5 **A. The Presbytery, *Property and Conscience***

6 The Presbytery of Beaver Butler seeks to develop, encourage and nurture the  
7 denominational affiliation and presbytery membership of each of its particular  
8 member churches based on our organic spiritual unity found in *the grace of the*  
9 *Lord Jesus Christ, the love of God, and the fellowship of the Holy Spirit.* (2  
10 Corinthians 13: 14) In all of our relationships, we will be guided by our own  
11 Statement of Purpose:

12 *The Purpose of Beaver-Butler Presbytery is to be a servant to the churches*  
13 *God has entrusted to us, encouraging and supporting them toward becoming*  
14 *healthy, growing, Missional Congregations. (Missional Congregations are those*  
15 *that discern God's mission in their setting and are actively working to*  
16 *participate in that mission.) (Manual Revision Adopted 11/14/06)*

17 This is especially true for those congregations for whom the bonds of unity are  
18 stretched and ecclesiastical connections frayed over issues of conscience to the  
19 point of considering disaffiliation.

20 In order to achieve the goals of servanthood, encouragement and support (that  
21 are keys to ministering in times of dispute), Beaver-Butler Presbytery has  
22 historically seen its role as being a resource to:

- 23 • *Enable its congregations to carry out their mission by providing resources*  
24 *to proclaim the good news of Jesus Christ;*
- 25 • *Respond to the needs and challenges of the world in our Lord's name;*
- 26 • *Conduct constitutionally required responsibilities of a presbytery;*
- 27 • *Coordinate its mission with that of the General Assembly, the Synod of*  
28 *the Trinity; and appropriate ecumenical agencies;*
- 29 • *Serve as a channel of communication with other governing bodies;*
- 30 • *Fill a fellowship and pastoral function for its members and congregations;*
- 31 • *And work diligently to fulfill the "great ends of the church":*

32 *The proclamation of the gospel for the salvation of humankind,*  
33 *The shelter, nurture and spiritual fellowship of the children of God,*  
34 *The maintenance of divine worship,*  
35 *The preservation of the truth,*  
36 *The promotion of social righteousness, and*  
37 *The exhibition of the Kingdom of Heaven to the world.*

38 *(Manual of Operations 11/16/82)*

39 Therefore in matters of Property and conscience, the Presbytery sees its role in  
40 terms of Mission Strategy first and foremost.

41

42 **B. The Presbytery and Mission Strategy**

43 The Book of Order of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.), (G-11.0103), challenges  
44 the Presbytery to order all resources *...for the mission and government of the*  
45 *church throughout its geographical district. It therefore has the responsibility*  
46 *and power:*

47 *a. To develop strategy for the mission of the church in its area consistent*  
48 *with G-3.0000 (the Book of Order chapter on the Church and its Mission);*

49 *b. To coordinate the work of its member churches, guiding them and*  
50 *mobilizing their strength for the most effective witness to the broader*  
51 *community for which it has responsibility.*

52 As a result, the Presbytery has an abiding interest in the location and facilities of  
53 the member churches as an expression of the missions of the Presbytery.

54 **C. The Presbytery and the Trust Clause**

55 According to the Book of Order of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)

56 *All property held by or for a particular church, a presbytery, a synod, the*  
57 *General Assembly, or the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.), whether legal title is*  
58 *lodged in a corporation, a trustee or trustees, or an unincorporated*  
59 *association, and whether the property is used in programs of a particular*  
60 *church or of a more inclusive governing body or retained for the production of*  
61 *income, is held in trust nevertheless for the use and benefit of the*  
62 *Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.). (G-8.0201)*

63 The Trust Clause is meant to reflect the church's organic unity as it fulfills "The  
64 Great Ends of the Church", strengthening its ability to guide its member  
65 churches into their witness to the broader community. Because the trust clause  
66 is meant as a means of witness to our unity in the covenant of common mission,  
67 it is incumbent upon the Presbytery to act ministerially rather than adversarially  
68 to its member churches in regard to its provisions.

69 **D. The Presbytery and Covenant Life**

70 Because the Trust Clause is understood by the Presbytery as a means of  
71 displaying organic unity in common mission, there are common principles that  
72 will guide the Presbytery's use of it:

- 73 • It will not be used to shackle churches to the institution of the  
74 Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.) if a church genuinely desires to depart.
- 75 • It will not be used as a weapon to threaten civil action against a  
76 congregation in keeping with 1<sup>st</sup> Corinthians 6: 1-11 over issues of  
77 conscience. (G-1.0300)
- 78 • It reflects a tangible exhibition of the inter-connected relationship  
79 organically existing between the Presbytery and its congregations

80 **II. Principles of Resolution**

81 The Trust Clause will not be used to initiate civil litigation preemptively. If a  
82 church initiates a civil action, the Presbytery may take legal action to defend its  
83 mission strategy for the Presbytery. In times of dispute over issues of

84 conscience, the Presbytery will adhere to, and member churches are encouraged  
85 to adhere to, these Principles of Resolution.

86 Guided by our Presbyterian form of government, we:

- 87 1. Affirm the mission of the Kingdom of God and not the maintenance of  
88 any particular institution as our highest calling;
- 89 2. Believe that the local congregation is the primary mission unit of  
90 Presbytery, and that issues of property and money are always secondary  
91 to people and mission;
- 92 3. Will not abdicate all decisions regarding property and finance to the local  
93 congregation;
- 94 4. Understand that property is maintained and administered locally by the  
95 congregation on behalf of the denomination;
- 96 5. Maintain accountability and connection by shared, representative  
97 leadership and oversight;
- 98 6. Understand that regarding issues of conscience, "Divorce" can be a  
99 relevant analogy in releasing congregations. Each side must confront  
100 difficult realities, confront what it perceives to be a broken trust, speak of  
101 those realities to each other, and be forced to consider the ongoing health  
102 and viability of the other;
- 103 7. Will not approach property issues in such a way as to constrain local  
104 congregations in their ability to do mission and ministry;
- 105 8. Will use the Presbytery Response Team procedure described in III-A  
106 below instead of the use of an Administrative Commission;
- 107 9. Will use binding arbitration as describe in section III-A. below when  
108 resolution cannot be achieved by other means; and will use the  
109 Presbytery Response Team procedure described in III-A below prior to  
110 any use of an Administrative Commission;
- 111 10. Will encourage all presbyters and congregations to "concur with or  
112 passively submit to" (G-6.0108(b), footnote 1) the vote and wisdom of  
113 the majority. If their consciences will permit neither, the Presbytery will  
114 be generous in allowing congregations and presbyters with strong issues  
115 of conscience to pursue peaceable withdrawal, which may include  
116 dismissal to another Reformed body in accordance with our interpretation  
117 of the Trust Clause, found in section III below.

### 118 **III. Processes for Resolution**

#### 119 ***A. The Process of Discernment Leading to Possible Dismissal***

120 In the Presbyterian tradition, an inter-connected relationship is assumed  
121 between the Presbytery and its congregations. Therefore, no congregation will  
122 be dismissed to another Reformed body unless and until, at a minimum, the  
123 following process is followed:

- 124 1. The Session and its pastor/moderator, after consideration, prayer and a  
125 majority vote invites the Presbytery to form a Presbytery Response Team

- 126 (PRT) in order to engage the congregation in discussions about potential  
127 resolution or dismissal for identified reasons of conscience.
- 128 2. The PRT will consist of a Chairperson appointed by the Coordinating Team  
129 and specifically trained by the Presbytery in conflict resolution; and four  
130 other members including a person agreed upon by the Session of the  
131 congregation and three other members chosen by the Coordinating Team.
- 132 3. The PRT will meet with the Session, and the pastor/Moderator will be  
133 asked to either voluntarily excuse him or herself from the meeting or to  
134 voluntarily decline his or her right to voice and vote. If the moderator  
135 does so, he or she will appoint a member of the PRT to act as moderator  
136 in his or her absence. The first action in that initial meeting will be to  
137 agree to the terms of Section B, (Favorable Terms).
- 138 4. In the case of an impasse between the Presbytery and congregation in  
139 negotiation, both the Presbytery and congregation will submit to the  
140 decision of an arbiter. The arbiter will be a practicing Christian and a  
141 member of the American Arbitration Association or the Peacemaker  
142 Ministries. The arbiter will be chosen by both Presbytery and  
143 congregation at the very beginning of the dismissal discernment process  
144 as described in Section A above. Should arbitration be entered, the  
145 arbiter's decision is to be followed without exception. The costs for the  
146 arbiter will be divided equally between the Presbytery and the  
147 congregation.
- 148 5. Both the PRT and the session and the pastoral staff will be encouraged to  
149 seek ongoing dialog in the hope of resolution.
- 150 6. The PRT will not determine the merits of the concerns raised by the  
151 Session, but will work to assure that before the issues are brought before  
152 the congregation, they have been addressed fairly and accurately.
- 153 7. The PRT will promptly report the results of the initial meeting and its  
154 recommendations to the Presbytery through the Coordinating Team.
- 155 8. The PRT may work with the Session to call a Congregational Meeting for  
156 the purpose of hearing from the members and discerning, possibly by a  
157 non-binding written "straw ballot," how many members desire that,  
158 should the way be clear, the congregation be dismissed to another  
159 Reformed body.
- 160 9. While the quorum for congregational meetings is set by the Book of  
161 Order, and by the bylaws of particular congregations, the PRT expects  
162 that at least fifty percent of the active membership will participate in the  
163 meeting.
- 164 10. If the PRT believes that a significant proportion (estimated at more than  
165 75%) of the attending members wish to be dismissed, they will, with the  
166 permission of the Presbytery Coordinating Team and/or Presbytery, begin  
167 to negotiate favorable terms with the congregation under the terms of  
168 **Section B.**, below.
- 169 11. During the negotiations the PRT will meet with members of the  
170 congregation who wish to remain within the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)  
171 to best strategize how to either maintain an existing mission presence,

172 incorporate members into nearby Presbytery congregations, or create a  
173 new entity.

174 12. At the conclusion of negotiations, the congregation will hold a  
175 Congregational Meeting to vote on a possible dismissal to a specific  
176 Reformed body according to the terms of negotiation. At least fifty  
177 percent of the current active membership will attend the meeting. An  
178 affirmative vote of at least seventy-five percent is required in order to  
179 further the dismissal process.

180 13. The Presbytery, at a regular or specially called meeting, will vote on  
181 whether to accept the terms of dismissal without amendments and to  
182 allow the congregation to be dismissed to a specified Reformed body  
183 according to G-11.0103(i) of the Book of Order of the Presbyterian Church  
184 (U.S.A.). In the case of a negative vote of Presbytery, the process of  
185 Binding Arbitration, will be followed.

186 ***B. Favorable Terms***

187 The Presbytery, through the process of negotiating issues of conscience and  
188 property with congregations, will act in such a manner that will reflect its  
189 primary concern for the ongoing mission and vitality of Christian witness in  
190 the area impacted by ministry of that congregation. Therefore:

- 191 • The Presbytery recognizes that “the church” in a particular area is not its  
192 building or financial assets, but the people of the congregation.
- 193 • The Presbytery must be mindful both of congregation members who, for  
194 reasons of conscience, desire that their congregation be dismissed to  
195 another denomination, and also those congregation members who wish to  
196 remain within the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.).
- 197 • In cases where a financial settlement is a part of a dismissal agreement  
198 between the presbytery and a particular church, that settlement will be  
199 fairly and proportionately based on a measure such as how many  
200 congregation members remain within the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)  
201 and how many elect to be a member of the departing congregation.
- 202 • The best goal of Presbytery negotiations with congregations, when there  
203 is a group that desires to remain within the Presbyterian Church (USA)  
204 and a group that desires to be dismissed to another Reformed body, is to  
205 enable both congregations to be as healthy as possible in the aftermath of  
206 separation.
- 207 • If a financial settlement is agreed upon, that settlement will be used, in its  
208 entirety and for no other purpose, to maintain or re-establish a mission of  
209 the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.), or to enable those remaining within the  
210 Presbyterian Church (USA) to find a receiving congregation within or near  
211 the specific area served by that particular congregation.